

NAME

systemd-cryptsetup-generator - Unit generator for /etc/crypttab

SYNOPSIS

/lib/systemd/system-generators/systemd-cryptsetup-generator

DESCRIPTION

systemd-cryptsetup-generator is a generator that translates /etc/crypttab into native systemd units early at boot and when configuration of the system manager is reloaded. This will create **systemd-cryptsetup@.service**(8) units as necessary.

systemd-cryptsetup-generator implements [systemd.generator](#)(7).

KERNEL COMMAND LINE

systemd-cryptsetup-generator understands the following kernel command line parameters:

luks=, *rd.luks=*

Takes a boolean argument. Defaults to "yes". If "no", disables the generator entirely. *rd.luks=* is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

luks.crypttab=, *rd.luks.crypttab=*

Takes a boolean argument. Defaults to "yes". If "no", causes the generator to ignore any devices configured in /etc/crypttab (*luks.uuid=* will still work however). *rd.luks.crypttab=* is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks.crypttab=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

luks.uuid=, *rd.luks.uuid=*

Takes a LUKS superblock UUID as argument. This will activate the specified device as part of the boot process as if it was listed in /etc/crypttab. This option may be specified more than once in order to set up multiple devices. *rd.luks.uuid=* is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks.uuid=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

If /etc/crypttab contains entries with the same UUID, then the name, keyfile and options specified there will be used. Otherwise, the device will have the name "luks-UUID".

If /etc/crypttab exists, only those UUIDs specified on the kernel command line will be activated in the initrd or the real root.

luks.name=, *rd.luks.name=*

Takes a LUKS super block UUID followed by an "=" and a name. This implies *rd.luks.uuid=* or *luks.uuid=* and will additionally make the LUKS device given by the UUID appear under the provided name.

rd.luks.name= is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks.name=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

luks.options=, *rd.luks.options=*

Takes a LUKS super block UUID followed by an "=" and a string of options separated by commas as argument. This will override the options for the given UUID.

If only a list of options, without an UUID, is specified, they apply to any UUIDs not specified elsewhere, and without an entry in /etc/crypttab.

rd.luks.options= is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks.options=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

luks.key=, *rd.luks.key=*

Takes a password file name as argument or a LUKS super block UUID followed by an "=" and a password file name.

For those entries specified with *rd.luks.uuid=* or *luks.uuid=*, the password file will be set to the one specified by *rd.luks.key=* or *luks.key=* of the corresponding UUID, or the password file that was specified without a UUID.

rd.luks.key= is honored only by initial RAM disk (initrd) while *luks.key=* is honored by both the main system and the initrd.

SEE ALSO

[systemd\(1\)](#), [crypttab\(5\)](#), [systemd-cryptsetup@.service\(8\)](#), [cryptsetup\(8\)](#), [systemd-fstab-generator\(8\)](#)