## NAME

apache2 - Apache Hypertext Transfer Protocol Server

#### **SYNOPSIS**

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\begin{array}{l} \mathbf{apache2} \ [\ \mathbf{-d}\ serverroot\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-f}\ config\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-C}\ directive\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-c}\ directive\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-D}\ parameter\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-e}\ level\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-E}\ file\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-k}\ start|restart|graceful|stop|graceful-stop\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-R}\ directory\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-h}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-l}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-L}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-S}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-t}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-t}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-V}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-N}\ ]\ [\ \mathbf{-N}
```

### **SUMMARY**

apache2 is the Apache HyperText Transfer Protocol (HTTP) server program. It is designed to be run as a standalone daemon process. When used like this it will create a pool of child processes or threads to handle requests.

In general, apache2 should not be invoked directly, but rather should be invoked via /etc/init.d/apache2 or apache2ctl. The default Debian configuration requires environment variables that are defined in /etc/apache2/envvars and are not available if apache2 is started directly. However, apache2ctl can be used to pass arbitrary arguments to apache2.

# **DOCUMENTATION**

The full documentation is available inthe apache2-doc package athttp://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.2/ and configuration can found in/usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz .

### **OPTIONS**

-d serverroot

Set the initial value for the ServerRoot directive to *serverroot*. This can be overridden by the ServerRoot directive in the configuration file.

-f config

Uses the directives in the file *config* on startup. If *config* does not begin with a /, then it is taken to be a path relative to the ServerRoot. The default is /etc/apache2/apache2.conf.

-k start|restart|graceful|stop|graceful-stop

Signals apache 2 to start, restart, or stop. See Stopping Apache for more information.

-C directive

Process the configuration *directive* before reading config files.

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Process the configuration *directive* after reading config files.

-D parameter

Sets a configuration *parameter* which can be used with <IfDefine> sections in the configuration files to conditionally skip or process commands at server startup and restart.

- -e level Sets the LogLevel to level during server startup. This is useful for temporarily increasing the verbosity of the error messages to find problems during startup.
- -E file Send error messages during server startup to file.
- -R directory

When the server is compiled using the SHARED\_CORE rule, this specifies the *directory* for the shared object files.

- -h Output a short summary of available command line options.
- -l Output a list of modules compiled into the server. This will **not** list dynamically loaded modules included using the LoadModule directive.
- -L Output a list of directives together with expected arguments and places where the directive is valid.
- -M Dump a list of loaded Static and Shared Modules.

- -S Show the settings as parsed from the config file (currently only shows the virtualhost settings).
- -t Run syntax tests for configuration files only. The program immediately exits after these syntax parsing tests with either a return code of 0 (Syntax OK) or return code not equal to 0 (Syntax Error). If -D DUMP\_VHOSTS is also set, details of the virtual host configuration will be printed. If -D DUMP\_MODULES is set, all loaded modules will be printed.
- -v Print the version of apache2, and then exit.
- -V Print the version and build parameters of apache2, and then exit.
- -X Run apache2 in debug mode. Only one worker will be started and the server will not detach from the console.

### SEE ALSO

apache2ctl(8), /usr/share/doc/apache2/README.Debian.gz

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