

NAME

repertoiremap - map symbolic character names to Unicode code points

DESCRIPTION

A repertoire map defines mappings between symbolic character names (mnemonics) and Unicode code points when compiling a locale with [localedef\(1\)](#). Using a repertoire map is optional, it is needed only when symbolic names are used instead of now preferred Unicode code points.

Syntax

The repertoiremap file starts with a header that may consist of the following keywords:

comment_char

is followed by a character that will be used as the comment character for the rest of the file. It defaults to the number sign (#).

escape_char

is followed by a character that should be used as the escape character for the rest of the file to mark characters that should be interpreted in a special way. It defaults to the backslash (\).

The mapping section starts with the keyword *CHARIDS* in the first column.

The mapping lines have the following form:

<symbolic-name> <code-point> comment

This defines exactly one mapping, *comment* being optional.

The mapping section ends with the string *END CHARIDS*.

FILES

/usr/share/i18n/repertoiremaps

Usual default repertoire map path.

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.2.

NOTES

Repertoire maps are deprecated in favor of Unicode code points.

EXAMPLE

A mnemonic for the Euro sign can be defined as follows:

```
<Eu> <U20AC> EURO SIGN
```

SEE ALSO

[locale\(1\)](#), [localedef\(1\)](#), [charmap\(5\)](#), [locale\(5\)](#)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 4.10 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.