

NAME

acct - process accounting file

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/acct.h>
```

DESCRIPTION

If the kernel is built with the process accounting option enabled (**CONFIG_BSD_PROCESS_ACCT**), then calling [acct\(2\)](#) starts process accounting, for example:

```
acct("/var/log/pacct");
```

When process accounting is enabled, the kernel writes a record to the accounting file as each process on the system terminates. This record contains information about the terminated process, and is defined in `<sys/acct.h>` as follows:

```
#define ACCT_COMM 16

typedef u_int16_t comp_t;

struct acct {
    char ac_flag; /* Accounting flags */
    u_int16_t ac_uid; /* Accounting user ID */
    u_int16_t ac_gid; /* Accounting group ID */
    u_int16_t ac_tty; /* Controlling terminal */
    u_int32_t ac_btime; /* Process creation time
    (seconds since the Epoch) */
    comp_t ac_utime; /* User CPU time */
    comp_t ac_stime; /* System CPU time */
    comp_t ac_etime; /* Elapsed time */
    comp_t ac_mem; /* Average memory usage (kB) */
    comp_t ac_io; /* Characters transferred (unused) */
    comp_t ac_rw; /* Blocks read or written (unused) */
    comp_t ac_minflt; /* Minor page faults */
    comp_t ac_majflt; /* Major page faults */
    comp_t ac_swaps; /* Number of swaps (unused) */
    u_int32_t ac_exitcode; /* Process termination status
    (see wait\(2\))
    */
    char ac_comm[ACCT_COMM+1];
    /* Command name (basename of last
    executed command; null-terminated) */
    char ac_pad[X]; /* padding bytes */
};

enum { /* Bits that may be set in ac_flag field */
    AFORK = 0x01, /* Has executed fork, but no exec */
    ASU = 0x02, /* Used superuser privileges */
    ACORE = 0x08, /* Dumped core */
    AXSIG = 0x10 /* Killed by a signal */
};
```

The `comp_t` data type is a floating-point value consisting of a 3-bit, base-8 exponent, and a 13-bit mantissa. A value, `c`, of this type can be converted to a (long) integer as follows:

```
v = (c & 0x1fff) << (((c >> 13) & 0x7) * 3);
```

The `ac_utime`, `ac_stime`, and `ac_etime` fields measure time in "clock ticks"; divide these values by `sysconf(_SC_CLK_TCK)` to convert them to seconds.

Version 3 accounting file format

Since kernel 2.6.8, an optional alternative version of the accounting file can be produced if the **CONFIG_BSD_PROCESS_ACCT_V3** option is set when building the kernel. With this option is set, the records written to the accounting file contain additional fields, and the width of *c_uid* and *ac_gid* fields is widened from 16 to 32 bits (in line with the increased size of UID and GIDs in Linux 2.4 and later). The records are defined as follows:

```
struct acct_v3 {
    char ac_flag; /* Flags */
    char ac_version; /* Always set to ACCT_VERSION (3) */
    u_int16_t ac_tty; /* Controlling terminal */
    u_int32_t ac_exitcode; /* Process termination status */
    u_int32_t ac_uid; /* Real user ID */
    u_int32_t ac_gid; /* Real group ID */
    u_int32_t ac_pid; /* Process ID */
    u_int32_t ac_ppid; /* Parent process ID */
    u_int32_t ac_btime; /* Process creation time */
    float ac_etime; /* Elapsed time */
    comp_t ac_untime; /* User CPU time */
    comp_t ac_stime; /* System time */
    comp_t ac_mem; /* Average memory usage (kB) */
    comp_t ac_io; /* Characters transferred (unused) */
    comp_t ac_rw; /* Blocks read or written
(unused) */
    comp_t ac_minflt; /* Minor page faults */
    comp_t ac_majflt; /* Major page faults */
    comp_t ac_swaps; /* Number of swaps (unused) */
    char ac_comm[ACCT_COMM]; /* Command name */
};
```

VERSIONS

The *acct_v3* structure is defined in *glibc* since version 2.6.

CONFORMING TO

Process accounting originated on BSD. Although it is present on most systems, it is not standardized, and the details vary somewhat between systems.

NOTES

Records in the accounting file are ordered by termination time of the process.

In kernels up to and including 2.6.9, a separate accounting record is written for each thread created using the NPTL threading library; since Linux 2.6.10, a single accounting record is written for the entire process on termination of the last thread in the process.

The *proc/sys/kernel/acct* file, described in [proc\(5\)](#), defines settings that control the behavior of process accounting when disk space runs low.

SEE ALSO

[lastcomm\(1\)](#), [acct\(2\)](#), [accton\(8\)](#), [sa\(8\)](#)

COLOPHON

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