

NAME

EC_POINT_add, EC_POINT_dbl, EC_POINT_invert, EC_POINT_is_at_infinity,
 EC_POINT_is_on_curve, EC_POINT_cmp, EC_POINT_make_affine, EC_POINTS_make_affine,
 EC_POINTS_mul, EC_POINT_mul, EC_GROUP_precompute_mult,
 EC_GROUP_have_precompute_mult - Functions for performing mathematical operations and tests on EC_POINT objects.

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <openssl/ec.h>
#include <openssl/bn.h>
```

```
int EC_POINT_add(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *r, const EC_POINT *a, const EC_POINT *b, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_dbl(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *r, const EC_POINT *a, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_invert(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *a, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_is_at_infinity(const EC_GROUP *group, const EC_POINT *p);
int EC_POINT_is_on_curve(const EC_GROUP *group, const EC_POINT *point, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_cmp(const EC_GROUP *group, const EC_POINT *a, const EC_POINT *b, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_make_affine(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *point, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINTS_make_affine(const EC_GROUP *group, size_t num, EC_POINT *points[], BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINTS_mul(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *r, const BIGNUM *n, size_t num, const EC_POINT *points, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_POINT_mul(const EC_GROUP *group, EC_POINT *r, const BIGNUM *n, const EC_POINT *q, const EC_GROUP *group, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_GROUP_precompute_mult(EC_GROUP *group, BN_CTX *ctx);
int EC_GROUP_have_precompute_mult(const EC_GROUP *group);
```

DESCRIPTION

EC_POINT_add adds the two points **a** and **b** and places the result in **r**. Similarly EC_POINT_dbl doubles the point **a** and places the result in **r**. In both cases it is valid for **r** to be one of **a** or **b**.

EC_POINT_invert calculates the inverse of the supplied point **a**. The result is placed back in **a**.

The function EC_POINT_is_at_infinity tests whether the supplied point is at infinity or not.

EC_POINT_is_on_curve tests whether the supplied point is on the curve or not.

EC_POINT_cmp compares the two supplied points and tests whether or not they are equal.

The functions EC_POINT_make_affine and EC_POINTS_make_affine force the internal representation of the EC_POINT(s) into the affine co-ordinate system. In the case of EC_POINTS_make_affine the value **num** provides the number of points in the array **points** to be forced.

EC_POINT_mul calculates the value generator * **n** + **q** * **m** and stores the result in **r**. The value **n** may be NULL in which case the result is just **q** * **m**.

EC_POINTS_mul calculates the value generator * **n** + **q**[0] * **m**[0] + ... + **q**[**num**-1] * **m**[**num**-1]. As for EC_POINT_mul the value **n** may be NULL.

The function EC_GROUP_precompute_mult stores multiples of the generator for faster point multiplication, whilst EC_GROUP_have_precompute_mult tests whether precomputation has already been done. See [EC_GROUP_copy\(3\)](#) for information about the generator.

RETURN VALUES

The following functions return 1 on success or 0 on error: EC_POINT_add, EC_POINT_dbl, EC_POINT_invert, EC_POINT_make_affine, EC_POINTS_make_affine, EC_POINTS_make_affine, EC_POINT_mul, EC_POINTS_mul and EC_GROUP_precompute_mult.

EC_POINT_is_at_infinity returns 1 if the point is at infinity, or 0 otherwise.

EC_POINT_is_on_curve returns 1 if the point is on the curve, 0 if not, or -1 on error.

EC_POINT_cmp returns 1 if the points are not equal, 0 if they are, or -1 on error.

EC_GROUP_have_precompute_mult return 1 if a precomputation has been done, or 0 if not.

SEE ALSO

[crypto\(3\)](#), [ec\(3\)](#), [EC_GROUP_new\(3\)](#), [EC_GROUP_copy\(3\)](#), [EC_POINT_new\(3\)](#),
[EC_KEY_new\(3\)](#), [EC_GFp_simple_method\(3\)](#), [d2i_ECParameters\(3\)](#)