NAME

CMS verify, CMS get0 signers - verify a CMS SignedData structure

SYNOPSIS

#include <openssl/cms.h>

int CMS_verify(CMS_ContentInfo *cms, STACK_OF(X509) *certs, X509_STORE *store, BIO *indata,

STACK_OF(X509) *CMS_get0_signers(CMS_ContentInfo *cms);

DESCRIPTION

CMS_verify() verifies a CMS SignedData structure. **cms** is the CMS_ContentInfo structure to verify. **certs** is a set of certificates in which to search for the signing certificate(s). **store** is a trusted certificate store used for chain verification. **indata** is the detached content if the content is not present in **cms**. The content is written to **out** if it is not NULL.

flags is an optional set of flags, which can be used to modify the verify operation.

 $CMS_get0_signers()$ retrieves the signing certificate(s) from **cms**, it must be called after a successful $CMS_verify()$ operation.

VERIFY PROCESS

Normally the verify process proceeds as follows.

Initially some sanity checks are performed on **cms**. The type of **cms** must be SignedData. There must be at least one signature on the data and if the content is detached **indata** cannot be **NULL**.

An attempt is made to locate all the signing certificate(s), first looking in the **certs** parameter (if it is not NULL) and then looking in any certificates contained in the **cms** structure itself. If any signing certificate cannot be located the operation fails.

Each signing certificate is chain verified using the **smimesign** purpose and the supplied trusted certificate store. Any internal certificates in the message are used as untrusted CAs. If CRL checking is enabled in **store** any internal CRLs are used in addition to attempting to look them up in **store**. If any chain verify fails an error code is returned.

Finally the signed content is read (and written to **out** is it is not NULL) and the signature's checked.

If all signature's verify correctly then the function is successful.

Any of the following flags (ored together) can be passed in the **flags** parameter to change the default verify behaviour.

If CMS_NOINTERN is set the certificates in the message itself are not searched when locating the signing certificate(s). This means that all the signing certificates must be in the **certs** parameter.

If CMS_NOCRL is set and CRL checking is enabled in **store** then any CRLs in the message itself are ignored.

If the CMS_TEXT flag is set MIME headers for type text/plain are deleted from the content. If the content is not of type text/plain then an error is returned.

If CMS NO SIGNER CERT VERIFY is set the signing certificates are not verified.

If CMS NO ATTR VERIFY is set the signed attributes signature is not verified.

If CMS NO CONTENT VERIFY is set then the content digest is not checked.

NOTES

One application of CMS_NOINTERN is to only accept messages signed by a small number of certificates. The acceptable certificates would be passed in the certs parameter. In this case if the signer is not one of the certificates supplied in certs then the verify will fail because the signer

cannot be found.

In some cases the standard techniques for looking up and validating certificates are not appropriate: for example an application may wish to lookup certificates in a database or perform customised verification. This can be achieved by setting and verifying the signers certificates manually using the signed data utility functions.

Care should be taken when modifying the default verify behaviour, for example setting CMS_NO_CONTENT_VERIFY will totally disable all content verification and any modified content will be considered valid. This combination is however useful if one merely wishes to write the content to **out** and its validity is not considered important.

Chain verification should arguably be performed using the signing time rather than the current time. However since the signing time is supplied by the signer it cannot be trusted without additional evidence (such as a trusted timestamp).

RETURN VALUES

CMS_verify() returns 1 for a successful verification and zero if an error occurred.

CMS get0 signers() returns all signers or NULL if an error occurred.

The error can be obtained from *ERR get error(3)*

BUGS

The trusted certificate store is not searched for the signing certificate, this is primarily due to the inadequacies of the current **X509 STORE** functionality.

The lack of single pass processing means that the signed content must all be held in memory if it is not detached.

SEE ALSO

 $ERR_get_error(3)$, $CMS_sign(3)$

HISTORY

CMS_verify() was added to OpenSSL 0.9.8