

NAME

sigemptyset, sigfillset, sigaddset, sigdelset, sigismember - POSIX signal set operations

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <signal.h>

int sigemptyset(sigset_t *set);
int sigfillset(sigset_t *set);
int sigaddset(sigset_t *set, int signum);
int sigdelset(sigset_t *set, int signum);
int sigismember(const sigset_t *set, int signum);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see [feature_test_macros\(7\)](#)):

```
sigemptyset(), sigfillset(), sigaddset(), sigdelset(), sigismember():
    _POSIX_C_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions allow the manipulation of POSIX signal sets.

sigemptyset() initializes the signal set given by *set* to empty, with all signals excluded from the set.

sigfillset() initializes *set* to full, including all signals.

sigaddset() and **sigdelset()** add and delete respectively signal *signum* from *set*.

sigismember() tests whether *signum* is a member of *set*.

Objects of type *sigset_t* must be initialized by a call to either **sigemptyset()** or **sigfillset()** before being passed to the functions **sigaddset()**, **sigdelset()** and **sigismember()** or the additional glibc functions described below (**sigisemptyset()**, **sigandset()**, and **sigorset()**). The results are undefined if this is not done.

RETURN VALUE

sigemptyset(), **sigfillset()**, **sigaddset()**, and **sigdelset()** return 0 on success and -1 on error.

sigismember() returns 1 if *signum* is a member of *set*, 0 if *signum* is not a member, and -1 on error.

On error, these functions set *errno* to indicate the cause of the error.

ERRORS**EINVAL**

sig is not a valid signal.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see [attributes\(7\)](#).

Interface	Attribute	Value
sigemptyset() , sigfillset() , sigaddset() , sigdelset() , sigismember() , sigisemptyset() , sigorset() , sigandset()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

NOTES

When creating a filled signal set, the glibc **sigfillset()** function does not include the two real-time signals used internally by the NPTL threading implementation. See [nptl\(7\)](#) for details.

Glibc extensions

If the `_GNU_SOURCE` feature test macro is defined, then `<signal.h>` exposes three other functions for manipulating signal sets:

```
int sigisemptyset(const sigset_t *set);
int sigorset(sigset_t *dest, const sigset_t *left,
             const sigset_t *right);
int sigandset(sigset_t *dest, const sigset_t *left,
             const sigset_t *right);
```

sigisemptyset() returns 1 if *set* contains no signals, and 0 otherwise.

sigorset() places the union of the sets *left* and *right* in *dest*. **sigandset()** places the intersection of the sets *left* and *right* in *dest*. Both functions return 0 on success, and -1 on failure.

These functions are nonstandard (a few other systems provide similar functions) and their use should be avoided in portable applications.

SEE ALSO

[sigaction\(2\)](#), [sigpending\(2\)](#), [sigprocmask\(2\)](#), [sigsuspend\(2\)](#)

COLOPHON

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