

**NAME**

`ecvt_r`, `fcvt_r`, `qecvt_r`, `qfcvt_r` - convert a floating-point number to a string

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int ecvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int fcvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int qecvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int qfcvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see [feature\\_test\\_macros\(7\)](#)):

```
ecvt_r(), fcvt_r(), qecvt_r(), qfcvt_r():
/* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE || /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _SVID_SOURCE ||
_BSD_SOURCE
```

**DESCRIPTION**

The functions `ecvt_r()`, `fcvt_r()`, `qecvt_r()`, and `qfcvt_r()` are identical to [ecvt\(3\)](#), [fcvt\(3\)](#), [qecvt\(3\)](#), and [qfcvt\(3\)](#), respectively, except that they do not return their result in a static buffer, but instead use the supplied *buf* of size *len*. See [ecvt\(3\)](#) and [qecvt\(3\)](#).

**RETURN VALUE**

These functions return 0 on success, and -1 otherwise.

**ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see [attributes\(7\)](#).

Interface	Attribute	Value
<code>ecvt_r()</code> , <code>fcvt_r()</code> , <code>qecvt_r()</code> , <code>qfcvt_r()</code>	Thread safety	MT-Safe

**CONFORMING TO**

These functions are GNU extensions.

**NOTES**

These functions are obsolete. Instead, [sprintf\(3\)](#) is recommended.

**SEE ALSO**

[ecvt\(3\)](#), [qecvt\(3\)](#), [sprintf\(3\)](#)

**COLOPHON**

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