

NAME

round, roundf, roundl, llround, llroundf, llroundl - round to nearest integer, away from zero

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <math.h>

long int round(double x);
long int roundf(float x);
long int roundl(long double x);

long long int llround(double x);
long long int llroundf(float x);
long long int llroundl(long double x);
```

Link with *-lm*.

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see [feature_test_macros\(7\)](#)):

All functions shown above:

```
_XOPEN_SOURCE >= 600 || _ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L;
or cc -std=c99
```

DESCRIPTION

These functions round their argument to the nearest integer value, rounding away from zero, regardless of the current rounding direction (see [fenv\(3\)](#)).

Note that unlike the [round\(3\)](#) and [ceil\(3\)](#), functions, the return type of these functions differs from that of their arguments.

RETURN VALUE

These functions return the rounded integer value.

If *x* is a NaN or an infinity, or the rounded value is too large to be stored in a *long* (*long long* in the case of the **ll*** functions), then a domain error occurs, and the return value is unspecified.

ERRORS

See [math_error\(7\)](#) for information on how to determine whether an error has occurred when calling these functions.

The following errors can occur:

Domain error: *x* is a NaN or infinite, or the rounded value is too large
An invalid floating-point exception (**FE_INVALID**) is raised.

These functions do not set *errno*.

VERSIONS

These functions first appeared in glibc in version 2.1.

ATTRIBUTES

Multithreading (see [pthreads\(7\)](#))

The [round\(\)](#), [roundf\(\)](#), [roundl\(\)](#), [llround\(\)](#), [llroundf\(\)](#), and [llroundl\(\)](#) functions are thread-safe.

CONFORMING TO

C99, POSIX.1-2001.

SEE ALSO

[ceil\(3\)](#), [floor\(3\)](#), [lrint\(3\)](#), [nearbyint\(3\)](#), [rint\(3\)](#), [round\(3\)](#)

COLOPHON

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