#### NAME

getipnodebyname, getipnodebyaddr, freehostent - get network hostnames and addresses

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netdb.h>
struct hostent *getipnodebyname(const char *name, int af, int flags, int *error_num);
struct hostent *getipnodebyaddr(const void *addr, size_t len, int af, int *error_num);
void freehostent(struct hostent *ip);
```

### **DESCRIPTION**

These functions are deprecated (and unavailable in glibc). Use getaddrinfo(3) and getnameinfo(3) instead.

The **getipnodebyname**() and **getipnodebyaddr**() functions return the names and addresses of a network host. These functions return a pointer to the following structure:

```
struct hostent {
  char *h_name;
  char **h_aliases;
  int h_addrtype;
  int h_length;
  char **h_addr_list;
};
```

These functions replace the gethostbyname(3) and gethostbyaddr(3) functions, which could access only the IPv4 network address family. Thegetipnodeb yname() and getipnodebyaddr() functions can access multiple network address families.

Unlike the **gethostby** functions, these functions return pointers to dynamically allocated memory. The **freehosten**  $\mathbf{t}()$  function is used to release the dynamically allocated memory after the caller no longer needs the *hostent* structure.

### getipnodebyname() arguments

The **getipnodebyname**() function looks up network addresses for the host specified by the *name* argument. The *af* argument is specifies one of the following values:

### AF INET

The name argument points to a dotted-quad IPv4 address or a name of an IPv4 network host.

#### AF INET6

The name argument points to a hexadecimal IPv6 address or a name of an IPv6 network host

The *flags* argument specifies additional options. More than one option can be specified by bitwise OR-ing them together. *flags* should be set to 0 if no options are desired.

# AI V4MAPPED

This flag is used with **AF\_INET6** to request a query for IPv4 addresses instead of IPv6 addresses; the IPv4 addresses will be mapped to IPv6 addresses.

## AI ALL

This flag is used with AI\_V4MAPPED to request a query for both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses. Any IPv4 address found will be mapped to an IPv6 address.

### AI ADDRCONFIG

This flag is used with AF\_INET6 to further request that queries for IPv6 addresses should not be made unless the system has at least one IPv6 address assigned to a network interface, and that queries for IPv4 addresses should not be made unless the system has at least one IPv4 address assigned to a network interface. This flag may be used by itself or with the AI V4MAPPED flag.

#### AI DEFAULT

This flag is equivalent to (AI\_ADDRCONFIG | AI\_V4MAPPED).

## getipnodebyaddr() arguments

The **getipnodebyaddr**() function looks up the name of the host whose network address is specified by the *addr* argument. The *af* argument specifies one of the following values:

#### AF INET

The addr argument points to a  $struct\ in\_addr$  and len must be set to  $size of(struct\ in\_addr)$ .

### AF INET6

The addr argument points to a struct  $in6\_addr$  and len must be set to sizeof(struct  $in6\_addr)$ .

#### RETURN VALUE

NULL is returned if an error occurred, and *error\_num* will contain an error code from the following list:

### HOST NOT FOUND

The hostname or network address was not found.

#### NO ADDRESS

The domain name server recognized the network address or name, but no answer was returned. This can happen if the network host has only IPv4 addresses and a request has been made for IPv6 information only, or vice versa.

#### NO RECOVERY

The domain name server returned a permanent failure response.

#### TRY AGAIN

The domain name server returned a temporary failure response. You might have better luck next time.

A successful query returns a pointer to a hostent structure that contains the following fields:

### h name

This is the official name of this network host.

#### h aliases

This is an array of pointers to unofficial aliases for the same host. The array is terminated by a null pointer.

### $h\_addrtype$

This is a copy of the af argument to getipnodebyname() or getipnodebyaddr().  $h\_addrtype$  will always be  $AF\_INET$  if the af argument was  $AF\_INET$ .  $h\_addrtype$  will always be  $AF\_INET6$  if the af argument was  $AF\_INET6$ .

### $h\_length$

This field will be set to  $sizeof(struct\ in\_addr)$  if  $h\_addrtype$  is  $\mathbf{AF\_INET}$ , and to  $sizeof(struct\ in6\ addr)$  if  $h\_addrtype$  is  $\mathbf{AF}\ \mathbf{INET6}$ .

## $h\_addr$ list

This is an array of one or more pointers to network address structures for the network host. The array is terminated by a null pointer.

## **CONFORMING TO**

RFC 2553.

# NOTES

These functions were present in glibc 2.1.91-95, but were removed again. Several UNIX-like systems support them, but all call them deprecated.

### SEE ALSO

getaddrinfo(3), getnameinfo(3), inet\_ntop(3), inet\_pton(3)

## **COLOPHON**

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