#### NAME

flockfile, ftrylockfile, funlockfile - lock FILE for stdio

#### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <stdio.h>
void flockfile(FILE *filehandle);
int ftrylockfile(FILE *filehandle);
void funlockfile(FILE *filehandle);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see feature test macros(7)):

All functions shown above:

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The stdio functions are thread-safe. This is achieved by assigning to each FILE object a lock-count and (if the lockcount is nonzero) an owning thread. For each library call, these functions wait until the FILE object is no longer locked by a different thread, then lock it, do the requested I/O, and unlock the object again.

(Note: this locking has nothing to do with the file locking done by functions like flock(2) and lockf(3).)

All this is invisible to the C-programmer, but there may be two reasons to wish for more detailed control. On the one hand, maybe a series of I/O actions by one thread belongs together, and should not be interrupted by the I/O of some other thread. On the other hand, maybe the locking overhead should be avoided for greater efficiency.

To this end, a thread can explicitly lock the FILE object, then do its series of I/O actions, then unlock. This prevents other threads from coming in between. If the reason for doing this was to achieve greater efficiency, one does the I/O with the nonlocking versions of the stdio functions: with getc unlocked(3) and putc unlocked(3) instead of getc(3) and putc(3).

The **flockfile**() function waits for \*filehandle to be no longer locked by a different thread, then makes the current thread owner of \*filehandle, and increments the lockcount.

The **funlockfile**() function decrements the lock count.

The **ftrylockfile**() function is a nonblocking version of **flockfile**(). It does nothing in case some other thread owns \*filehandle, and it obtains ownership and increments the lockcount otherwise.

#### RETURN VALUE

The ftrylockfile() function returns zero for success (the lock was obtained), and nonzero for failure.

## **ERRORS**

None.

#### **ATTRIBUTES**

```
Multithreading (see pthreads(7))
```

The flockfile(), ftrylockfile(), and funlockfile() functions are thread-safe.

### CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001.

## **AVAILABILITY**

These functions are available when **POSIX THREAD SAFE FUNCTIONS** is defined.

#### SEE ALSO

unlocked\_stdio(3)

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# **COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 3.74 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <a href="http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/">http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/</a>.

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