NAME

statvfs, fstatvfs - get filesystem statistics

SYNOPSIS

#include <sys/statvfs.h>

int statvfs(const char **path***, struct statvfs ****buf***);**
int fstatvfs(int *fd***, struct statvfs ****buf***);**

DESCRIPTION

The function **statvfs**() returns information about a mounted filesystem. *path* is the pathname of any file within the mounted filesystem. *buf* is a pointer to a *statvfs* structure defined approximately as follows:

        struct statvfs {
        unsigned long f_bsize;   /* filesystem block size */
        unsigned long f_frsize;   /* fragment size */
        fsblkcnt_t   f_blocks;   /* size of fs in f_frsize units */
        fsblkcnt_t   f_bfree;   /* # free blocks */
        fsblkcnt_t   f_bavail;   /* # free blocks for unprivileged users */
        fsfilcnt_t   f_files;   /* # inodes */
        fsfilcnt_t   f_ffree;   /* # free inodes */
        fsfilcnt_t   f_favail;   /* # free inodes for unprivileged users */
        unsigned long f_fsid;   /* filesystem ID */
        unsigned long f_flag;   /* mount flags */
        unsigned long f_namemax; /* maximum filename length */
        };

Here the types *fsblkcnt_t* and *fsfilcnt_t* are defined in *<sys/types.h>*. Both used to be *unsigned long*.

The field *f_flag* is a bit mask (of mount flags, see mount(8)). Bits defined by POSIX are

ST_RDONLY
        Read-only filesystem.

ST_NOSUID
        Set-user-ID/set-group-ID bits are ignored by exec(3).

It is unspecified whether all members of the returned struct have meaningful values on all filesystems.

fstatvfs() returns the same information about an open file referenced by descriptor *fd*.

RETURN VALUE

On success, zero is returned. On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EACCES
        (**statvfs**()) Search permission is denied for a component of the path prefix of *path*. (See also path_resolution(7).)

EBADF
        (**fstatvfs**()) *fd* is not a valid open file descriptor.

EFAULT
        Buf or *path* points to an invalid address.

EINTR
        This call was interrupted by a signal.

EIO   An I/O error occurred while reading from the filesystem.

ELOOP

(**statvfs**()) Too many symbolic links were encountered in translating *path*.

ENAMETOOLONG

(**statvfs**()) *path* is too long.

ENOENT

(**statvfs**()) The file referred to by *path* does not exist.

ENOMEM

Insufficient kernel memory was available.

ENOSYS

The filesystem does not support this call.

ENOTDIR

(**statvfs**()) A component of the path prefix of *path* is not a directory.

EOVERFLOW

Some values were too large to be represented in the returned struct.

ATTRIBUTES

Multithreading (see pthreads(7))

The **statvfs**() and **fstatvfs**() functions are thread-safe.

CONFORMING TO

POSIX.1-2001.

NOTES

The Linux kernel has system calls statfs(2) and fstatfs(2) to support this library call.

The current glibc implementations of

pathconf(path, _PC_REC_XFER_ALIGN);
pathconf(path, _PC_ALLOC_SIZE_MIN);
pathconf(path, _PC_REC_MIN_XFER_SIZE);

respectively use the *f_frsize*, *f_frsize*, and *f_bsize* fields of the return value of *statvfs(path,buf)*.

SEE ALSO

statfs(2)

COLOPHON

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