

NAME

cfree - free allocated memory

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>

/* In SunOS 4 */
int cfree(void *ptr);

/* In glibc or FreeBSD libcompat */
void cfree(void *ptr);

/* In SCO OpenServer */
void cfree(char *ptr, unsigned num, unsigned size);

/* In Solaris watchmalloc.so.1 */
void cfree(void *ptr, size_t nelem, size_t elsize);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see [feature_test_macros\(7\)](#)):

```
cfree(): _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

This function should never be used. Use [free\(3\)](#) instead.

1-arg cfree

In glibc, the function `cfree()` is a synonym for [free\(3\)](#), added for compatibility with SunOS.

Other systems have other functions with this name. The declaration is sometimes in `<stdlib.h>` and sometimes in `<malloc.h>`.

3-arg cfree

Some SCO and Solaris versions have malloc libraries with a 3-argument `cfree()`, apparently as an analog to [calloc\(3\)](#).

If you need it while porting something, add

```
#define cfree(p, n, s) free((p))
```

to your file.

A frequently asked question is Can I use [free\(3\)](#) to free memory allocated with [calloc\(3\)](#), or do I need `cfree()`? Answer: use [free\(3\)](#).

An SCO manual writes: The `cfree` routine is provided for compliance to the iBCSe2 standard and simply calls `free`. The `num` and `size` arguments to `cfree` are not used.

RETURN VALUE

The SunOS version of `cfree()` (which is a synonym for [free\(3\)](#)) returns 1 on success and 0 on failure. In case of error, `errno` is set to **EINVAL**: the value of `ptr` was not a pointer to a block previously allocated by one of the routines in the [malloc\(3\)](#) family.

CONFORMING TO

The 3-argument version of `cfree()` as used by SCO conforms to the iBCSe2 standard: Intel386 Binary Compatibility Specification, Edition 2.

SEE ALSO

[malloc\(3\)](#)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 3.74 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.