

**NAME**

`carg`, `cargf`, `cargl` - calculate the complex argument

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <complex.h>
```

```
double carg(double complex z);
```

```
float cargf(float complex z);
```

```
long double cargl(long double complex z);
```

Link with `-lm`.

**DESCRIPTION**

A complex number can be described by two real coordinates. One may use rectangular coordinates and gets

$$z = x + I * y$$

where  $x = \text{creal}(z)$  and  $y = \text{cimag}(z)$ .

Or one may use polar coordinates and gets

$$z = r * \text{cexp}(I * a)$$

where  $r = \text{cabs}(z)$  is the "radius", the "modulus", the absolute value of  $z$ , and  $a = \text{carg}(z)$  is the "phase angle", the argument of  $z$ .

One has:

$$\tan(\text{carg}(z)) = \text{cimag}(z) / \text{creal}(z)$$
**RETURN VALUE**

The return value is the range of  $[-\pi, \pi]$ .

**VERSIONS**

These functions first appeared in glibc in version 2.1.

**CONFORMING TO**

C99.

**SEE ALSO**

[cabs\(3\)](#), [complex\(7\)](#)

**COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 3.74 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.