

NAME

poll, ppoll - wait for some event on a file descriptor

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <poll.h>

int poll(struct pollfd *fds, nfd_t nfd, int timeout);

#define _GNU_SOURCE /* See feature_test_macros(7) */
#include <signal.h>
#include <poll.h>

int ppoll(struct pollfd *fds, nfd_t nfd,
const struct timespec *tmo_p, const sigset_t *sigmask);
```

DESCRIPTION

poll() performs a similar task to [select\(2\)](#): it waits for one of a set of file descriptors to become ready to perform I/O.

The set of file descriptors to be monitored is specified in the *fds* argument, which is an array of structures of the following form:

```
struct pollfd {
    int fd; /* file descriptor */
    short events; /* requested events */
    short revents; /* returned events */
};
```

The caller should specify the number of items in the *fds* array in *nfd*.

The field *fd* contains a file descriptor for an open file. If this field is negative, then the corresponding *events* field is ignored and the *revents* field returns zero. (This provides an easy way of ignoring a file descriptor for a single **poll()** call: simply negate the *fd* field. Note, however, that this technique can't be used to ignore file descriptor 0.)

The field *events* is an input parameter, a bit mask specifying the events the application is interested in for the file descriptor *fd*. This field may be specified as zero, in which case the only events that can be returned in *revents* are **POLLHUP**, **POLLERR**, and **POLLNVAL** (see below).

The field *revents* is an output parameter, filled by the kernel with the events that actually occurred. The bits returned in *revents* can include any of those specified in *events*, or one of the values **POLLERR**, **POLLHUP**, or **POLLNVAL**. (These three bits are meaningless in the *events* field, and will be set in the *revents* field whenever the corresponding condition is true.)

If none of the events requested (and no error) has occurred for any of the file descriptors, then **poll()** blocks until one of the events occurs.

The *timeout* argument specifies the number of milliseconds that **poll()** should block waiting for a file descriptor to become ready. The call will block until either:

- * a file descriptor becomes ready;
- * the call is interrupted by a signal handler; or
- * the timeout expires.

Note that the *timeout* interval will be rounded up to the system clock granularity, and kernel scheduling delays mean that the blocking interval may be overrun by a small amount. Specifying a negative value in *timeout* means an infinite timeout. Specifying a *timeout* of zero causes **poll()** to return immediately, even if no file descriptors are ready.

The bits that may be set/returned in *events* and *revents* are defined in *<poll.h>*:

POLLIN

There is data to read.

POLLPRI

There is urgent data to read (e.g., out-of-band data on TCP socket; pseudoterminal master in packet mode has seen state change in slave).

POLLOUT

Writing is now possible, though a write larger than the available space in a socket or pipe will still block (unless **O_NONBLOCK** is set).

POLLRDHUP (since Linux 2.6.17)

Stream socket peer closed connection, or shut down writing half of connection. The **_GNU_SOURCE** feature test macro must be defined (before including *any* header files) in order to obtain this definition.

POLLERR

Error condition (only returned in *revents*; ignored in *events*).

POLLHUP

Hang up (only returned in *revents*; ignored in *events*). Note that when reading from a channel such as a pipe or a stream socket, this event merely indicates that the peer closed its end of the channel. Subsequent reads from the channel will return 0 (end of file) only after all outstanding data in the channel has been consumed.

POLLNVAL

Invalid request: *fd* not open (only returned in *r events*; ignored in *events*).

When compiling with **_XOPEN_SOURCE** defined, one also has the following, which convey no further information beyond the bits listed above:

POLLRDNORM

Equivalent to **POLLIN**.

POLLRDBAND

Priority band data can be read (generally unused on Linux).

POLLWRNORM

Equivalent to **POLLOUT**.

POLLWRBAND

Priority data may be written.

Linux also knows about, but does not use **POLLMSG**.

ppoll()

The relationship between **poll()** and **ppoll()** is analogous to the relationship between [select\(2\)](#) and [pselect\(2\)](#): like [pselect\(2\)](#), **ppoll()** allows an application to safely wait until either a file descriptor becomes ready or until a signal is caught.

Other than the difference in the precision of the *timeout* argument, the following **ppoll()** call:

```
ready = ppoll(&fds, nfds, tmo_p, &sigmask);
```

is equivalent to *atomically* executing the following calls:

```
sigset_t origmask;
int timeout;
```

```
timeout = (tmo_p == NULL) ? -1 :
(tmo_p->tv_sec * 1000 + tmo_p->tv_nsec / 1000000);
pthread_sigmask(SIG_SETMASK, &sigmask, &origmask);
ready = poll(&fds, nfds, timeout);
pthread_sigmask(SIG_SETMASK, &origmask, NULL);
```

See the description of [pselect\(2\)](#) for an explanation of why **ppoll()** is necessary.

If the *sigmask* argument is specified as NULL, then no signal mask manipulation is performed (and thus **ppoll()** differs from **poll()** only in the precision of the *timeout* argument).

The *tmo_p* argument specifies an upper limit on the amount of time that **ppoll()** will block. This argument is a pointer to a structure of the following form:

```
struct timespec {
    long tv_sec; /* seconds */
    long tv_nsec; /* nanoseconds */
};
```

If *tmo_p* is specified as NULL, then **ppoll()** can block indefinitely.

RETURN VALUE

On success, a positive number is returned; this is the number of structures which have nonzero *revents* fields (in other words, those descriptors with events or errors reported). A value of 0 indicates that the call timed out and no file descriptors were ready. On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EFAULT

The array given as argument was not contained in the calling program's address space.

EINTR

A signal occurred before any requested event; see [signal\(7\)](#).

EINVAL

The *nfds* value exceeds the **RLIMIT_NOFILE** value.

ENOMEM

There was no space to allocate file descriptor tables.

VERSIONS

The **poll()** system call was introduced in Linux 2.1.23. On older kernels that lack this system call, the glibc (and the old Linux libc) **poll()** wrapper function provides emulation using [select\(2\)](#).

The **ppoll()** system call was added to Linux in kernel 2.6.16. The **ppoll()** library call was added in glibc 2.4.

CONFORMING TO

poll() conforms to POSIX.1-2001 and POSIX.1-2008. **ppoll()** is Linux-specific.

NOTES

On some other UNIX systems, **poll()** can fail with the error **EAGAIN** if the system fails to allocate kernel-internal resources, rather than **ENOMEM** as Linux does. POSIX permits this behavior. Portable programs may wish to check for **EAGAIN** and loop, just as with **EINTR**.

Some implementations define the nonstandard constant **INFTIM** with the value -1 for use as a *timeout* for **poll()**. This constant is not provided in glibc.

For a discussion of what may happen if a file descriptor being monitored by **poll()** is closed in another thread, see [select\(2\)](#).

C library/kernel differences

The Linux **ppoll()** system call modifies its *tmo_p* argument. However, the glibc wrapper function hides this behavior by using a local variable for the timeout argument that is passed to the system call. Thus, the glibc **ppoll()** function does not modify its *tmo_p* argument.

The raw **ppoll()** system call has a fifth argument, *size_t sigsetsize*, which specifies the size in bytes of the *sigmask* argument. The glibc **ppoll()** wrapper function specifies this argument as a fixed value (equal to `sizeof(kernel_sigset_t)`). See [sigprocmask\(2\)](#) for a discussion on the differences between the kernel and the libc notion of the sigset.

BUGS

See the discussion of spurious readiness notifications under the BUGS section of [select\(2\)](#).

SEE ALSO

[restart_syscall\(2\)](#), [select\(2\)](#), [select_tut\(2\)](#), [epoll\(7\)](#), [time\(7\)](#)

COLOPHON

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