

**NAME**

modify\_ldt - get or set ldt

**SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
int modify_ldt(int func, void *ptr, unsigned long bytecount);
```

*Note:* There is no glibc wrapper for this system call; see NOTES.

**DESCRIPTION**

**modify\_ldt()** reads or writes the local descriptor table (ldt) for a process. The ldt is a per-process memory management table used by the i386 processor. For more information on this table, see an Intel 386 processor handbook.

When *func* is 0, **modify\_ldt()** reads the ldt into the memory pointed to by *ptr*. The number of bytes read is the smaller of *bytecount* and the actual size of the ldt.

When *func* is 1, **modify\_ldt()** modifies one ldt entry. *ptr* points to a *user\_desc* structure and *bytecount* must equal the size of this structure.

The *user\_desc* structure is defined in *<asm/ldt.h>* as:

```
struct user_desc {
    unsigned int entry_number;
    unsigned long base_addr;
    unsigned int limit;
    unsigned int seg_32bit:1;
    unsigned int contents:2;
    unsigned int read_exec_only:1;
    unsigned int limit_in_pages:1;
    unsigned int seg_not_present:1;
    unsigned int useable:1;
};
```

In Linux 2.4 and earlier, this structure was named *modify\_ldt\_ldt\_s*.

**RETURN VALUE**

On success, **modify\_ldt()** returns either the actual number of bytes read (for reading) or 0 (for writing). On failure, **modify\_ldt()** returns -1 and sets *errno* to indicate the error.

**ERRORS****EFAULT**

*ptr* points outside the address space.

**EINVAL**

*ptr* is 0, or *func* is 1 and *bytecount* is not equal to the size of the structure *modify\_ldt\_ldt\_s*, or *func* is 1 and the new ldt entry has invalid values.

**ENOSYS**

*func* is neither 0 nor 1.

**CONFORMING TO**

This call is Linux-specific and should not be used in programs intended to be portable.

**NOTES**

Glibc does not provide a wrapper for this system call; call it using [syscall\(2\)](#).

**SEE ALSO**

[vm86\(2\)](#)

**COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 3.74 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at

<http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.