

NAME

ldd - print shared library dependencies

SYNOPSIS

ldd [*option*]... *file*...

DESCRIPTION

ldd prints the shared libraries required by each program or shared library specified on the command line.

Security

In the usual case, **ldd** invokes the standard dynamic linker (see [ld.so\(8\)](#)) with the **LD_TRACE_LOADED_OBJECTS** environment variable set to 1, which causes the linker to display the library dependencies. Be aware, however, that in some circumstances, some versions of **ldd** may attempt to obtain the dependency information by directly executing the program. Thus, you should *never* employ **ldd** on an untrusted executable, since this may result in the execution of arbitrary code. A safer alternative when dealing with untrusted executables is:

```
$ objdump -p /path/to/program | grep NEEDED
```

OPTIONS**--version**

Print the version number of **ldd**.

-v --verbose

Print all information, including, for example, symbol versioning information.

-u --unused

Print unused direct dependencies. (Since glibc 2.3.4.)

-d --data-relocs

Perform relocations and report any missing objects (ELF only).

-r --function-relocs

Perform relocations for both data objects and functions, and report any missing objects or functions (ELF only).

--help Usage information.**BUGS**

ldd does not work on a.out shared libraries.

ldd does not work with some extremely old a.out programs which were built before **ldd** support was added to the compiler releases. If you use **ldd** on one of these programs, the program will attempt to run with *argc* = 0 and the results will be unpredictable.

SEE ALSO

[sprof\(1\)](#), [pldd\(1\)](#), [ld.so\(8\)](#), [ldconfig\(8\)](#)

COLOPHON

This page is part of release 3.74 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at <http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.