

**NAME**

`git-merge-index` - Run a merge for files needing merging

**SYNOPSIS**

`git merge-index` [-o] [-q] <merge-program> (-a | [--] <file>\*)

**DESCRIPTION**

This looks up the <file>(s) in the index and, if there are any merge entries, passes the SHA-1 hash for those files as arguments 1, 2, 3 (empty argument if no file), and <file> as argument 4. File modes for the three files are passed as arguments 5, 6 and 7.

**OPTIONS**

--

Do not interpret any more arguments as options.

-a

Run merge against all files in the index that need merging.

-o

Instead of stopping at the first failed merge, do all of them in one shot - continue with merging even when previous merges returned errors, and only return the error code after all the merges.

-q

Do not complain about a failed merge program (a merge program failure usually indicates conflicts during the merge). This is for porcelains which might want to emit custom messages.

If `git merge-index` is called with multiple <file>s (or -a) then it processes them in turn only stopping if merge returns a non-zero exit code.

Typically this is run with a script calling Git's imitation of the `merge` command from the RCS package.

A sample script called `git merge-one-file` is included in the distribution.

ALERT ALERT ALERT! The Git merge object order is different from the RCS `merge` program merge object order. In the above ordering, the original is first. But the argument order to the 3-way merge program `merge` is to have the original in the middle. Don't ask me why.

Examples:

```
torvalds@ppc970:~/merge-test> git merge-index cat MM
This is MM from the original tree. # original
This is modified MM in the branch A. # merge1
This is modified MM in the branch B. # merge2
This is modified MM in the branch B. # current contents
```

or

```
torvalds@ppc970:~/merge-test> git merge-index cat AA MM
cat: : No such file or directory
This is added AA in the branch A.
This is added AA in the branch B.
This is added AA in the branch B.
fatal: merge program failed
```

where the latter example shows how `git merge-index` will stop trying to merge once anything has returned an error (i.e., `cat` returned an error for the AA file, because it didn't exist in the original, and thus `git merge-index` didn't even try to merge the MM thing).

**GIT**

Part of the [git\(1\)](#) suite